2021 County Profile

Scott

49,479 Households

TWIN CITIES REGION

Access to safe, affordable homes builds a strong foundation for families and communities. But too many Minnesotans lack good housing optons.



Mirroring the state trend, the price of rent continues to rise and incomes are not keeping up, making it increasingly challenging for renters to make ends meet.

The income for families is not rising at the same pace as home values, making it more difficult for families to purchase and own a home.



RENTER HOUSEHOLDS

17% of all households 8,486

\$969 Median rent, 2000:

\$1,170 Median rent, 2019:

Renter income, 2000: \$43,283

Renter income, 2019: \$42,859

rent up 21%

income down



OWNER HOUSEHOLDS

40,993 | 83% of all households

Home value, 2000: \$238,132

Home value, 2019: \$299,700

value up 26%

Owner income, 2000: \$105,642

Owner income, 2019: \$114,756



income

HOUSING STOCK: While a significant portion of the rental and owner-occupied housing is aging (built before 1970), new construction is not keeping up with demand. Of particular concern is the gap between the number of available units for extremely low income households – and the number of people who need them.

Disparities: Disparaties are stark for BIPOC residents of all 87 counties. Homeownership disparities are above 65% in every county in Minnesota with most over 90%. Costburden is higher for BIPOC renters (53%) than white renters (44%) in the Twin Cities.



% of homes built 13% before 1970

Single-family units permitted in 2019

347



% of rental units 21% built before 1970

Multi-family units permitted in 2019

370

Number of extremely low income households

2,090

Units affordable to extremely low income households

895

Gap between ELI households and units in Scott county

1,195

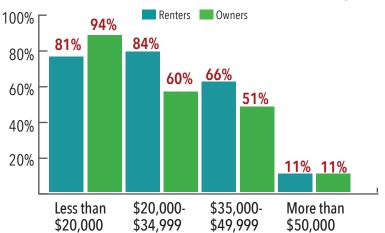
Twin Cities	Renter Cost Burden	Severe Renter Cost Burden
White	44%	21%
Black	57%	28%
Indigenous	59%	48%
Hispanic	54%	25%

Homeowership in Scott County

BIPOC Homeowners 4,452

White Homeowners 36,541 11,591 households in Scott County pay more than 30 percent of their income toward housing costs, putting them at risk of being unable to afford basic needs like food and medicine. 4,174 are severely cost-burdened and pay more than 50 percent of their income on housing.

COST BURDEN Percentage of households paying more than 30% of their income toward housing.



Number of households paying more than 30% of their income toward housing

	RENTERS	OWNERS
Under \$20,000	1,200	1,293
\$20,000-34,999	1,472	1,060
\$35,000-49,999	884	1,565
Over \$50,000	389	3,728
Seniors	1,06 9	1,720
All cost-burdened households	3,945	7,646

SEVERE COST BURDEN Number and percent of households paying more than 50% of their income toward housing.

Severe Renter Cost Burden

of all renter 1,675 households or 20% households Severe Owner Cost Burden

2,499 households or **6%**

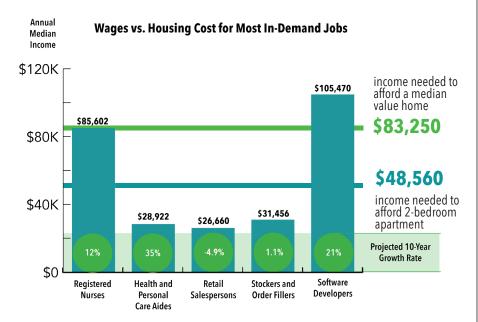
of all owner households

6,763

WAGES: Housing remains a challenge even for Minnesotans who are fully employed. The median earnings for most of the top in-demand and high-growth jobs in the 7 County Metro region do not cover housing costs at an affordable level. Those working at the median wage – and especially those earning the minimum wage – cannot afford a two-bedroom apartment or the mortgage for a median price home.

HOMELESSNESS: In the Twin Cities region, too many families, seniors and children are still suffering the devastating consquences of having no place to call home.

7 County Metro Region Data



Median household income for county \$102,152

Hours / week minimum wage employee must work to afford 1- bd apartment # of homeless on a given night in 2018

Change in homeless

Number of homeless children

Number of homeless seniors

since 2000 2.277



SOURCES - Renter households: Rent and income adjusted for inflation. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

2019, 5 year estimates | Owner households: Home value and income adjusted for inflation. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates | Cost burden: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates | ELI Units and Renters: MHP Analysis of HUD's CHAS Portal Data using the NLIHC methodology | Wages: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (MN DEED), Occupations in Demand, November 2020; Employment Outlook, MN DEED | Housing Stock: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates, U.S. Census Bureau, Building Permits Survey, 2019 | Homelessness: Wilder Research Center, 2018 Minnesota Homeless Study